## Math 241 Exam 4 Sample 2

$\overline{\text { Directions: Do not simplify or evaluated unless indicated. No calculators are permitted. Show all }}$ work as appropriate for the methods taught in this course. Partial credit will be given for any work, words or ideas which are relevant to the problem.

## Please put problem 1 on answer sheet 1

1. (a) Suppose $\bar{F}(x, y, z)=(6 x y+z \cos (x)) \hat{\imath}+\left(3 x^{2}\right) \hat{\jmath}+(\sin (x)-1) \hat{k}$. Using that systematic method shown in class, find a function $f(x, y, z)$ such that $\bar{F}=\nabla f$.
(b) First explain why the integral $\int_{C} \frac{y}{z} d x+\frac{x}{z} d y-\frac{x y}{z^{2}} d z$ for $z>0$ is independent of path and then evaluate this integral where $C$ is any curve from $(1,2,1)$ to $(0,3,3)$.

## Please put problem 2 on answer sheet 2

2. (a) Evaluate the integral $\int_{C} x+\frac{16}{3} y-z+8 d s$, where $C$ is the curve with parametrization $\bar{r}(t)=t^{2} \hat{\imath}+3 t \hat{\jmath}+\left(t^{2}+8\right) \hat{k}$ for $0 \leq t \leq 2$.
(b) Use Green's Theorem to evaluate $\int_{C} 3 y d x+(2 x y+4) d y$, where $C$ is as shown:


## Please put problem 3 on answer sheet 3

3. Let $\Sigma$ be the part of the parabolic sheet $z=4-x^{2}$ above the $x y$ plane and between $y=0$ and $y=4$ with downwards orientation. Draw a picture of $\Sigma$ and evaluate the integral $\iint_{\Sigma} \bar{F} \cdot \bar{n} d S$, where $\bar{F}(x, y, z)=3 \hat{\imath}+2 z \hat{\jmath}+z \hat{k}$.

## Please put problem 4 on answer sheet 4

4. Let $C$ be the intersection of the cylinder $x^{2}+y^{2}=9$ with the parabolic sheet $z=y^{2}$.

Suppose $C$ has the clockwise orientation when viewed from above. Use Stokes' Theorem to convert $\int_{C}\left(4 x^{2} z^{2} \hat{\imath}+x y \hat{\jmath}+y^{3} \hat{k}\right) \cdot d \bar{r}$ to a surface integral. Give an explicit description of your surface $\Sigma$ as the graph of a function $f$ on a region $R$, then rewrite your surface integral as an iterated integral in whichever coordinate system (polar or rectangular) you find most appropriate. You do not need to evaluate the final integral.

## Please put problem 5 on answer sheet 5

5. Suppose $\Sigma$ is composed of the portion of $x^{2}+z^{2}=4$ between $y=-a$ and $y=a$, along with
the disks of radius 2 which seal the cylinder on each end. Suppose a fluid flow is given by $\bar{F}(x, y, z)=3 x y^{2} \hat{\imath}-y^{3} \hat{\jmath}+4 z \hat{k}$. Use the Divergence Theorem to find the appropriate $a$ such that the fluid is flowing out through $\Sigma$ at a rate of $128 \pi$.
